Ho-268
HATFIELD RESIDENCE
SIMPSONVILLE
Private

Located near the old grist mill referred to as Joshua Warfield's Mill, Richard Owing's Mill and later Simpson's Grist Mill, this house may have had an early association with the old 18th century grist mill for storage or other auxiliary use.

In $\underline{1878}$ it became the residence of Mr. James Simpson and at that time comprised 215 acres with buildings.

Three bays wide, two bays deep and three stories high from the ground floor, this gabled roof (running north-south) frame structure laid on a stone foundation faces west with central ground and first floor rectangular entrances. Additions to the north and east walls of the house in the form of a two car, gabled roof garage and one story, shed roofed, two bay wide kitchen and service wing in no way impair the integrity of the building whose picturesque gabled roof, stone spring house lies west of the house.

Located on the slope of a hill on the southeast corner of the intersection of Route 32 and Cedar Lane, its land on the east is terraced into four tiers.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form MARTLAND INVEN

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF

Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1. Nan	1e (indicate pre	eferred name)		
historic	Millers House			
and/or common	Hatfield Residence			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	6691 Cedar Lane			not for publication
city, town	Columbia	vicinity of	congressional district	- 6th
state	Maryland	county	Howard	
3. Clas	sification			
Category x district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status _x_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted x_ no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	y (give names a	nd mailing address	es of <u>all</u> owners)
name Thomas	s Ferguson and Barba	ra Siddle		
street & number	6691 Cedar Lane		telephone :	10.:
city, town	Simpsonville	state	and zip code	Maryland 21150
5. Loca	tion of Lega	l Description	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Howard	County Courthous	e	liber
street & number				folio
city, town	Ellico	tt City	state	Maryland
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing	Historical Surv	<i>r</i> eys
itle Howa	rd County Historic Si	ites Inventory		
late 1977			federal sta	te local
epository for sur	vey records Maryland E	Historical Trust		
ity, town	Crownsville		state	Maryland

7. Description

Survey No. HO-268

Condition

— excellent
— your good
— ruins
— fair
— unexposed

Check one
— unaltered
— x original site
— moved date of move
— moved date of move

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This probable late nineteenth century framehouse, possibly built upon an older stone foundation, is located in the northeast quadrant of Cedar Lane and Guilford Road. Built into a northern slope, the south or principle elevation has three exposed levels with central entrances on both the ground and first floors. A gable roof parallels this principle facade, with a 1930's ell addition, also with a gable roof, built into the northern elevation of the principle block. A full width, two-story, recently constructed porch is located along the south side, and a fairly new, two-car, cinder-block garage is located on the west side at ground level, and replaced a one-story porch which wrapped around the southwest corner and the full depth of the west elevation. The principle block is three bays wide and two bays deep, with six over six lights arranged in a regular pattern, and 2 six-pane windows located in each of the gable The cornices are boxed, and return on each of the gable ends. A small, cinder block, shed-roofed portion was added to the east wall of the 1930's ell addition in 1950. has been heavily altered on both the interior and exterior, primarily during the tenure of the Hatfields in the 1970's. one, the ell was raised to two levels to house a Master bedroom Considerable interior finishing material was replaced, disguising joining members, etc. Chimneys and fireplaces have been replaced and/or added, windows filled in, and porches removed and/or replaced. The owner reports that the fireplaces in the east walls on the ground and first floor levels date to The two original brick chimney stacks, located inside of the end walls, were constructed solely to be used for The stone fireplace at the ground level dates to the extensive renovation of that level. The ground level includes new slate floors, a partition, sandblasting of the interior surfaces of the stone foundation, building of interior cabinetry, and the covering and/or removing of finishings and joinery. A stone chimney was added to the outside of the eastend wall, as was a central stair. Partitions have been added.

A series of French doors has recently been constructed in the west bay of the east elevation of the principle block on the first floor. With ceiling joists boxed in, and new cabinetry, stairs, etc, added and finishing material replaced along with other modifications, dating of the foundation or ground level is nearly impossible. The house was probably constructed during the ownership of one of the mid-to-late nineteenth century owners: the Simpsons, who owned it for most of that period except for 1865-1878, when it was owned by William Brayshaw, or less likely, by the Wilsons (1897-1909).

The land to the east of the house is terraced into four different levels. Ms Elizabeth Mike, an inhabitant of the property in the 1920's and 1930's, reports that this area was the location of chicken houses, tenant houses and gardens, which remains in evidence. A stone springhouse is located northwest of the house near the edge of Cedar Lane. It has been heavily damaged a number of times in automobile collisions, but was recently restored. A retaining tank is located just north of the springhouse.

8. 3	ign	IFIC	ance					<u>-</u>	Su	rvey No.	HO-36	6
Period preh 1400 1500 1700 X 1800 X 1900	⊢1499 ⊢1599 ⊢1699 ⊢1799 ⊢1899	ard ard ard co	mmerce mmunications	storic ic	coi ecc edi eni exp x ind inv	mmunit nservation ucation gineerin pioratio lustry ention	y pianni ion 3 9 n/settle:	ing ment	iaw iite mii mu phi	rature itary	S S S h tr ent tr	cience cuipture ociai/ umanitarian
Specific	dates	ca.	1880, 1930, 1970's	1950	Builder	/Archi	ect					
check:		cable d/or	Criteria:	A	B	c	D					
	Appli	.cable	Exception:	A	B	c	D	E	F	G		

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: __national __state __local

This probable late nineteenth century framehouse, built upon a possible older stone foundation, is significant as a component of the Simpsonville Mill Historic District, although it lacks integrity because of numerous alterations, and thus has little intrinsic architectural interest. It may be located in the vicinity of a non-extant structure noted as a grist mill in 1878, or built on the foundations of that earlier structure, although there is not material proof because of heavy alterations on the ground level of the structure. It is known to have been the residence of one of the mill owners, William W. Inglehardt, who owned it from 1909 to 1934, and operated a flour mill, cidermill and sawmill on the adjacent land to the west on the other side of At that time Simpsonville was no longer serving its Cedar Lane. primary function as a milling center. The grist milling operation had been reduced to serving residents for the local production of flour by 1915. After that time, the amount of grain sold to the mill decreased substantially, possibly as a result of the agricultural depression. The decline in milling at Simpsonville paralleled what was happening throughout the state.

Thus, the association of the frame Hatfield house with the milling operation at Simpsonville corresponds to the years of general decline of the industry there. During the late nineteenth century the Simpsons (the owners) were selling off properties. By the time of the Inglehardt ownership, the milling operation was near extinction, with the destruction of the mill by fire ca. 1920, culminating the long decline. It may also have served as the residences of earlier mill operators, but there is no documentation to support this. It is unlikely that the frame building was constructed during the Simpson ownership, as the family was liquidating the property in many transactions after re-securing it upon the death of William Brayshaw in 1878. In all likelihood, the building was constructed by James Mackubin or Charles and Mary Wilson who owned it in the years between the Simpsons and the Inglehardts.

Significance Continued...

BACKGROUND

The Simpsonville Mill Historic District remains as a surviving example of a late eighteenth through early twentieth-century rural village that contains a well-preserved example of a mill seat including a standing mill structure and other related features. The Simpsonville District was a small, rural manufacturing village with the milling industry as its principal focus.

The District includes structures (residential, commercial, and industrial) and associated archeological deposits dating from at least 1768 to 1920. This rural village contains a collection of various structures/archeological deposits, including the remains or extant structures of at least one general store a possible sawmill, a possible wheelwright's shop and residences. Surrounding the site on the opposite side of Cedar Lane and Route 32 are the locations of standing historic buildings including the Millers House, two large mansions associated with the Owings family and the Owings Family Cemetery. Generally, most small communities grew around a central location that served a specific purpose. In the case of Simpsonville, the central focus was the mill, which provided local farmers an opportunity to grind their wheat for both the local market and major commercial centers such as Ellicott City and Baltimore. As a centralized location for this activity, roads and bridges were constructed to facilitate transport to and from the Mill. The evolution of this mill-based community occurred from at least 1768 to 1920. Features identified at the site appear to reflect the evolution of the rural village, which may be associated with the related growth of the surrounding mill community. Obviously as the milling industry burgeoned in the late 1700s (after the Ellicott Brothers produced a market for the grain trade) many custom mills shifted from serving a primarily local clientele (local farmers) to rural centers, like Simpsonville, which maintained economic ties with larger merchant mills (such as Ellicott Mills and Owings Mills). Those mills were incorporated into the regional, inter-regional, and international market through the industrial port of Baltimore. Locally, the Simpsonville Site is the only surviving, intact example of a mill-base village community in Howard County. Although other mill sites are scattered throughout the area (e.g., the Roxbury Mill, Historic District of Ellicott City, and Savage Mill), Simpsonville remains the only example of a small, historic mill community that continues to preserve important archaeological, geographic, and architectural components. Moreover, the fact that the Simpsonville Site is affiliated with the founding families of Howard County (e.g., Warfields, Owings and Simpsons) further attests to its past and present importance to the surrounding community. The Hatfield, or Miller's house, dating to the late nineteenth century, was the residence of Walter W. Inglehardt, the last miller to work the property, as the mill burned in 1920. Owning the property from 1909 to 1934, Inglehardt oversaw the waning years of Simpsonville, which had stopped serving its primary function as a milling center.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. HO268

Information complied by Cleora Barnes for the Maryland Historical Trust
Personal interviews with Elizabeth Mike, Barbara Siddle, Walter Inglehardt
Final Report, Phase II Archeological Investigation, 1990 by G.A.I. Consultants

10. Geograph	ioai Data			
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangie name UTM References do NOT con	nplete UTM refe		Quadrang	ile scale
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C		□ □ □ □ □ □ □		
G		н		
List all states and counties t	or properties ove	rlapping state or coun	ity boundaries	
itate	code	county		code
11. Form Prep	ared By	county	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	code
-				
name/title Rita Suffness,	. Leader, Cultu	ural Resources Gro	ıp	
Rita Suffness	Leader, Cultu		и р 3/13	/93
	e Hwy. Administ		3/13	/93

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

					•
NAME					
HISTORIC	•			•	
AND/OR COMMON	Hatfield Residence	ce			
LOCATION	I				
STREET & NUMBER	6691 Cedar Lane				
CITY, TOWN				CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	СТ
Simpsonvi]	lle Md 21150 -	VICINITY OF	sixth	Howard	
	L150				
CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRESE	NTUSE
X DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED		COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGR		EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE X YES: RESTRICTED		ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
053661	IN PROCESSBEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRIC		_INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION
		_NO		MILITARY	_OTHER:
NAME Mr. and Mr. street & NUMBER 6691 Cedar	cs. Phillip L. Hat	field	Tele	(atephone #: 30]	fter 5 pm) L-531-5294
CITY, TOWN		<u> </u>		STATE , Z	ip code
Simpsorvil	le	VICINITY OF		Maryla	and 21150
LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESC			er #:685	
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS	LETC. Hall of Records	Tax Map 35	BLK, Fol	io #: 187	
STREET & NUMBER	Howard County (Court House			
CITY, TOWN	Ellicott City			STATE M	aryland
6 REPRESEN	NTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVE	YS		
TITLE Howard	d County Historic Sit	tes Inventory			
DATE 1977		FEO	ERAL XSTATE	_COUNTY _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Maryland Historica	1 Trust		·····	- Selection of the Control of the Co
Christian	21 State Circle, A	Annapolis		eraic Mary	land



Corr. copy Ho- 268 Dist 5

CONDITION

_XEXCELLENT ___DETERIORATED ___RUINS

__FAIR __UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

__UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Hatfield residence is a three bay wide, two bay deep, three story high, gabled roof (running north-south), structure with stone, ground floor foundation set into the slope of a hill on the south east corner of the intersection of Route 32 and Cedar Lane, facing west on Route 32. A brick chimney is inset into its north wall and an exterior stone chimney constructed in 1975 by Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Hatfield on the South Wall. Fenestration is rectangular, double hung, with many of their original six-oversix lights decorated with projecting wooden sills and brown shutters. Two six light attic casement windows are located on the south elevation. A one story, flat roofed porch runs along the entire west elevation, supported by six square posts with a wooden balustrade around the perimeter of the roof line creating a second floor open terrace. This double decker porch at one time had a wooden winder staircase on the south elevation for the shape of the concrete at this corner would have formed a base for such a staircase. A double paneled, rectangular ground floor entrance, surmounted by a three light transom is located in the central bay. Above is a rectangular, crosspaneled, first floor door with four lights, leading on to the roof of the ground floor, open porch. This door is flanked by fluted pilasters and surmounted by a fluted lintel with square corners, decorated with circles.

A two car cinder block garage whose gable roof runs north-south rests against the north wall of the house.

A one story high, shed roofed, frame addition constructed in the 1930's lies along the central and south bays of the east elevation, creating a pleasant kitchen. A cinder block one bay wide, shed roofed addition constructed in the 1950's with metal casement east window and south entrance lies along the east wall of the 1930 addition, cut into the slope of the hill.

A rectangular, gabled roof (running east-west) stone, spring house, with wide rectangular central wooden door on its south elevation is nestled into the slope of the hill on the northwest corner of the house. A round stone retaining tank for spring water rests along its north wall whose excess rens out through a pipe in the spring house.

The land east of the house is terraced into four different hill sides. A giant sycamore can be seen on the south east boundary of the property which is in the boundary descripture of the deed of 1878.

The house is constructed of field stone on the ground floor. This field stone foundation may at one time have been a building for the grist mill, believed to date from circa 1755. There was no original stairway to what is now the first floor, but a trap door. A 38 foot long beam runs along the north and south sides of the top of the stone

Hatfield Residence - Description Pages 2 of 2

Corr. Copy Ho-268 Dist. 5

foundation which may have supported the original roof of a one story high stome building with loft above. If this was the case, and the building used as a residence, some evidence would have to be found for a central chimney for there is no evidence that fireplaces existed. The brick chimney on the morth wall and the fireplaces on the first floor in the living and dining room were only used for heating stoves.

The ceiling joists of the living room and dining room are hand sawn, as evidenced by the straight line saw marked on an angle, created by the pits on the saw. It was not a water powered saw or the lines would have been straight and not angled. The roof joists are similar and are simply nailed together with cut nails. The building is put together with 4'x 4' studs which have corner braces. Cut nails, not hand forged nails are also used which would date the building circa 1840.

The original cedar shake roof is under the asphalt tile roof. The original cove siding is also clearly seen on the east wall. Remnants of a very early stairway is also seen.

The molding for the entire house matches.

SIGNIFICANCE

**************************************	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE ARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT MINUSTRY JINVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	—RELIGION —SCIENCE —SCULPTURE —SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN —THEATER —TRANSPORTATION —OTHER (SPECIFY)
--	---	--	---	--

Stecific DATES circa 1878

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

S'ATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE Simpsonville, a little settlement upon the Middle Patuxent River is nestled under hills on all sides. It dates back to the earliest days of the Howard County Settlers. The ruins of an old mill may still be seen west of the Hatfield Residence which is referred to as "Dr. Warfields Mill, and later known as Richard Owings Mill."

Around this center were located Ephraim Howard, Dr. Joshua Warfield, Cornelius Howard and his sons, known as the Howard Merchants.

In May, 1974, the Hatfields acquired their present residence from Harry and Nancy Maissel. The Shaeffers had owned the house prior to them. The ownership of the property has been traced back to 1878 when mr. Henry E. Woot on, trustee, conveyed a deed of the property to James H. and H. Clay Simpson. (L.J.W. # 38-605). The land at that time comprised 215 acres, of which James Simpson conveyed 94 acres by Deed to Joseph F. Litchfield, dated July 20, 1885 and on file (L.J.W. 49-423):

On May 8, 1897 Mr. and Mrs. Simpson conveyed the house and land to Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Wilson. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson conveyed the property January 4, 1909 to Mr. and Mrs. Wm Lglehart, who on January 22 of that year (WWLC 86-557) to John and Mary Lglehart. On April 7, 1927 they conveyed the house to Eureka-Maryland Assurance Corporation, a body corporate, which was the highest bidder, at and for the sum of \$5,000 at a public sale.

Mr. Wm Inglehart had acquired the property from Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson on January 4, 1909 (WWLC 86-488).

The little settlement around the house was named Simpsonville for James H. Simpson who owned the property at the time that Richard Owings was running his grist mill just west of the present house. The mill was operating as late as 1900 when farmers from the Laurel area ground their wheat here.

As the home of James Simpson it is historically significant,

as this area is now known as Simpsonville.

Architecturally it is noteworthy for its fine proportions, pleasing stone foundation and picturesque spring house. In addition, it has been fortunate in having had a restoration of its interior by the present owners, Mr. and Mrs. Hatfield who have sensitively added and restored. An example of additions is the lovely flag stone floor and stone fire place of the present den which takes up almost the entire stone foundation, whose walls have been uncovered, blending very nicely with the additions. Two second floor bedrooms (one complete with crown molding and chair rail) as well as the living room exposed, revealing hand saw markings.

For these reasons, the Hatfield residence should be considered for inclusion to the National Register and any future local landmark legistation.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

1. Stein, C.F.Jr. Origins and History of
Howard County, Maryland. Baltimore, 1972. pp.35,146,234,235,277,308.
2. Warfield, J.D. Founders of Anne Aundel and Howard Counties, Maryland. Baltimore, 1973. pp 388,389,390.
3. Interview with Mr. & Mrs. Phillip Hatfield at their residence, Saturday, CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY June 18, 1977.

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY
Please see Attachment 1, Tax Map 35, BLK 23, p.115

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION
Please see Attachment 1, Tax Map 35, BLK 23, p.115.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE
COUNTY

COUNTY

II FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist

ORGANIZATION

DATE

Office of Planning & Zoning-Comprehensive Planning Section 465-5000 x257

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

3450 Court House Drive

CITY OR TOWN

Ellicott City

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

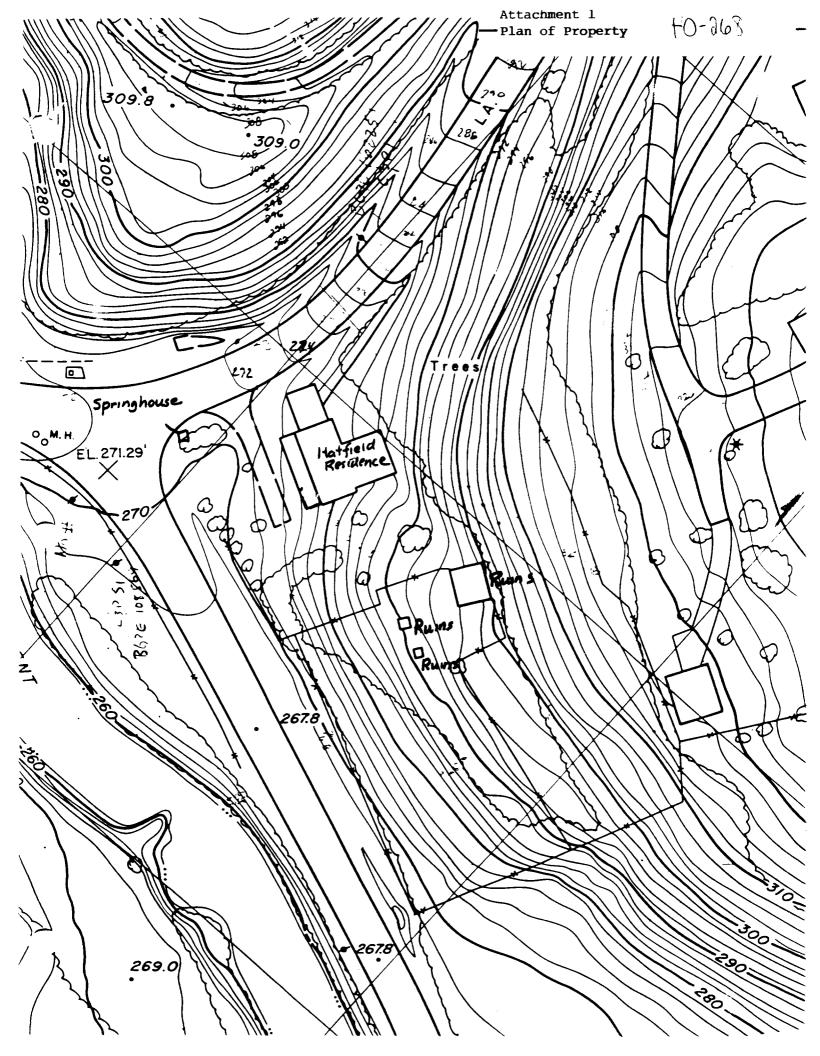
The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

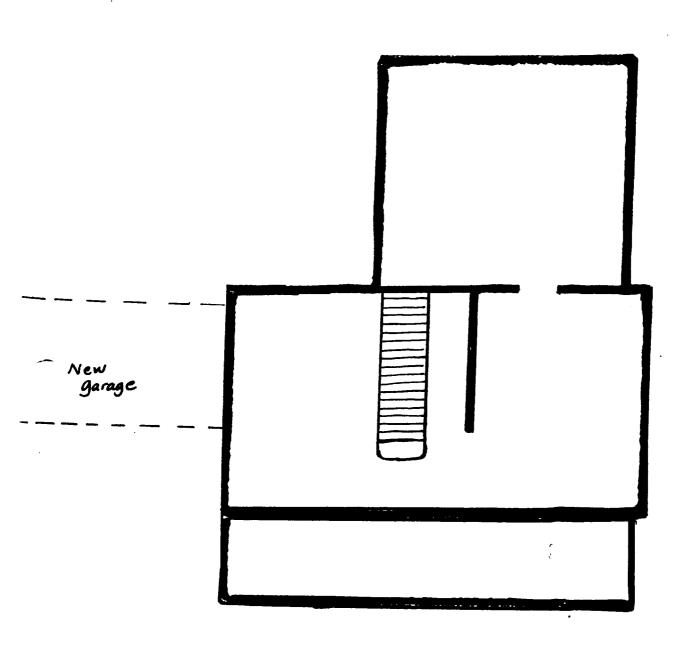
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

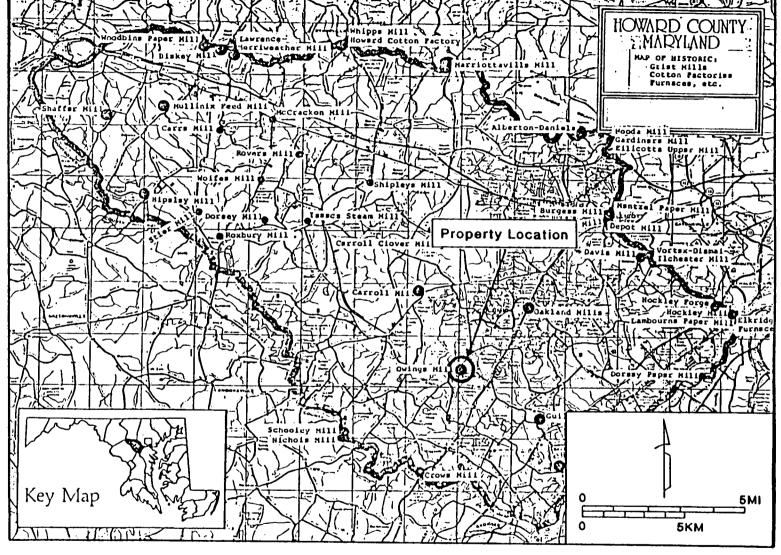
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438



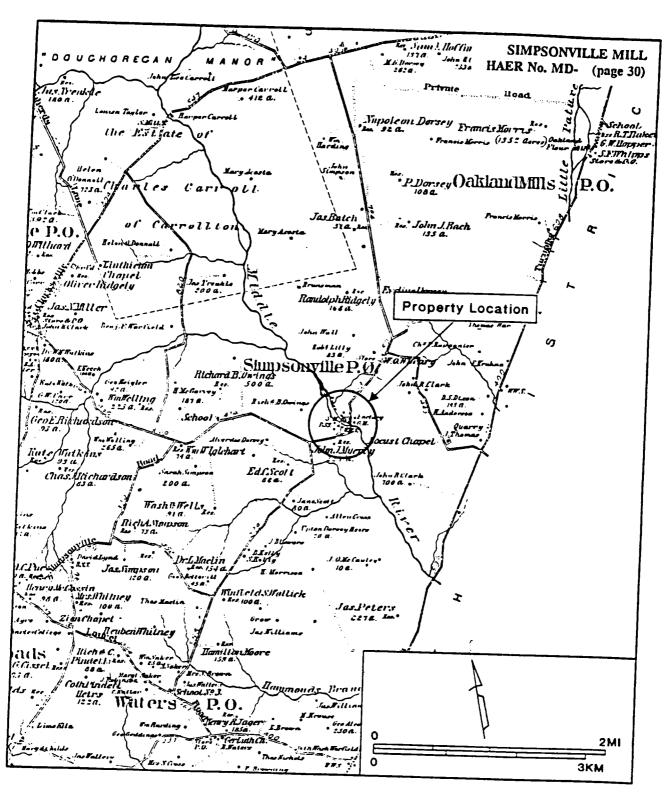
Attachment 2
Plan of Dwelling
Sketch, Map, Main Level



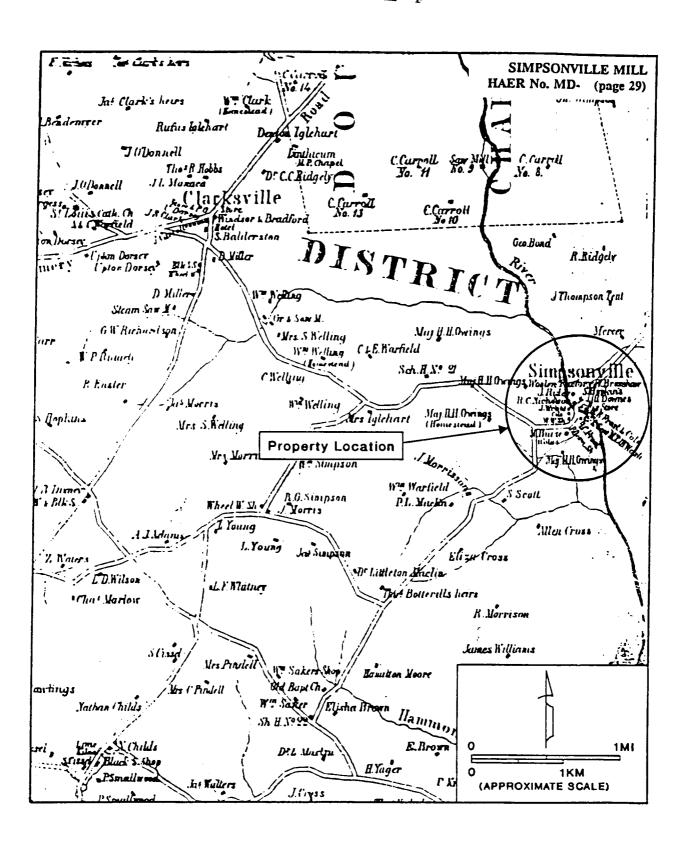


Howard County Maryland, Map of Historic: Grist Mills, Cotton Factories, Furnaces, etc. (McGrain 1985)

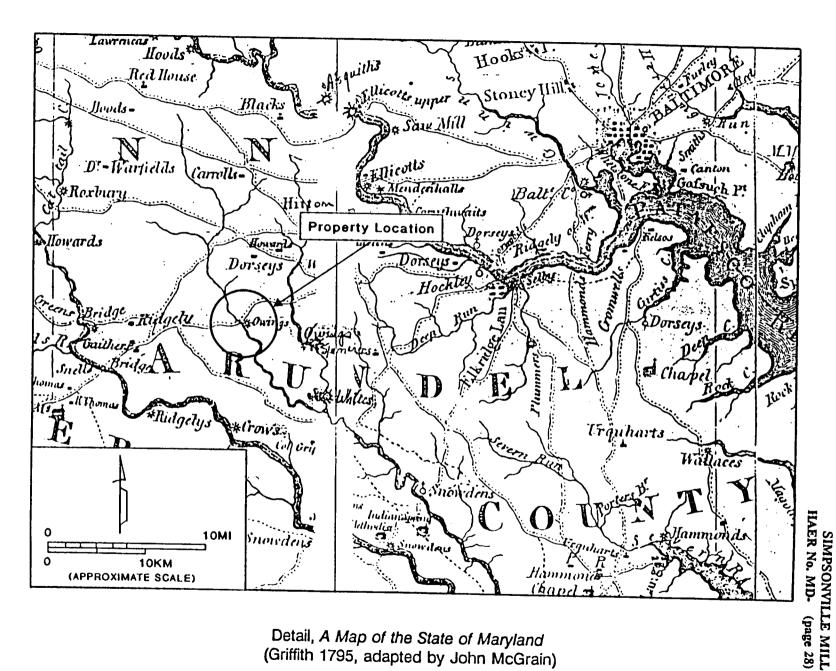
SIMPSONVILLE MILL HAER No. MD- (page 31)



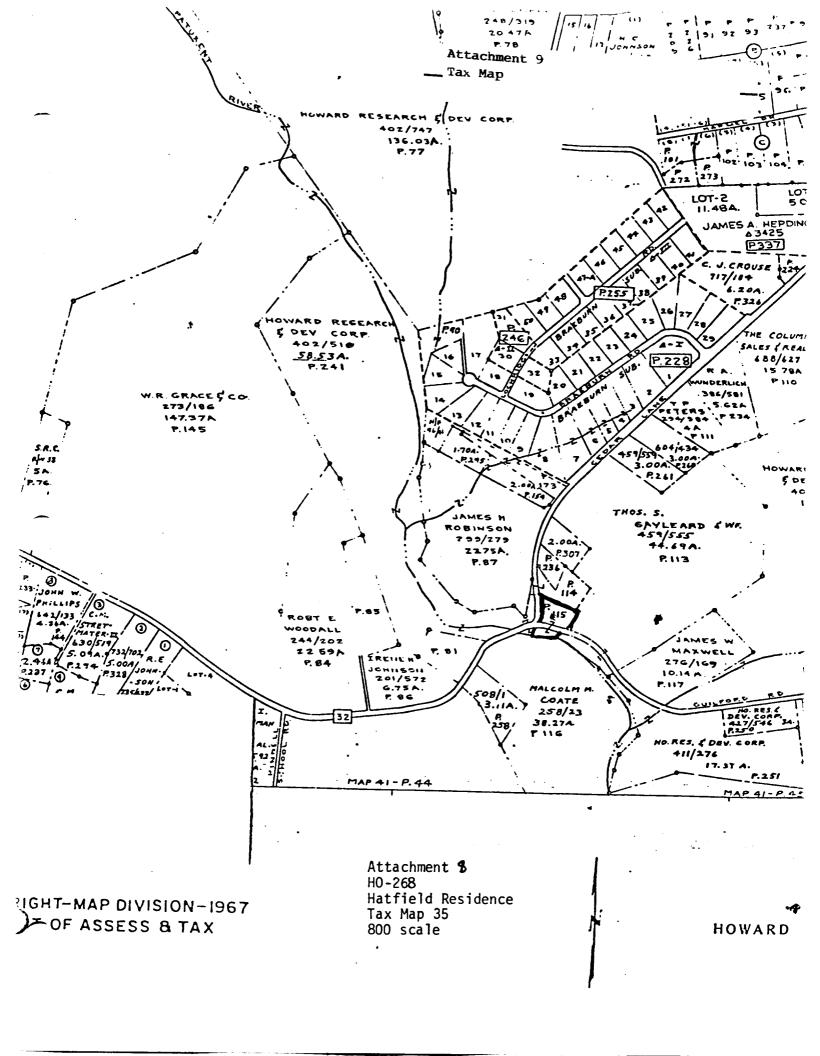
Detail, Atlas of Fifteen Miles Around Baltimore, Including Howard County, Maryland (Hopkins 1878)

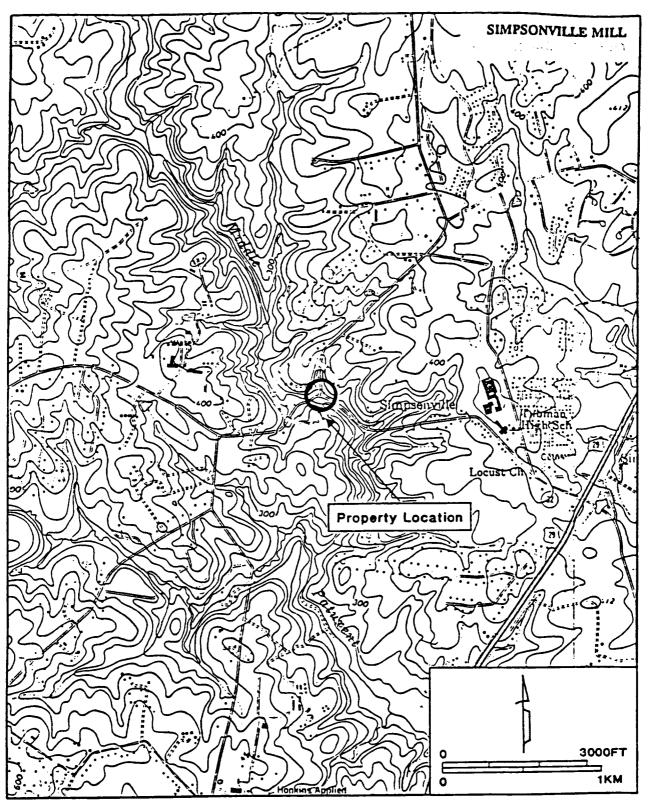


Detail, Martenet's Map of Howard County, Maryland (Schofield 1860)



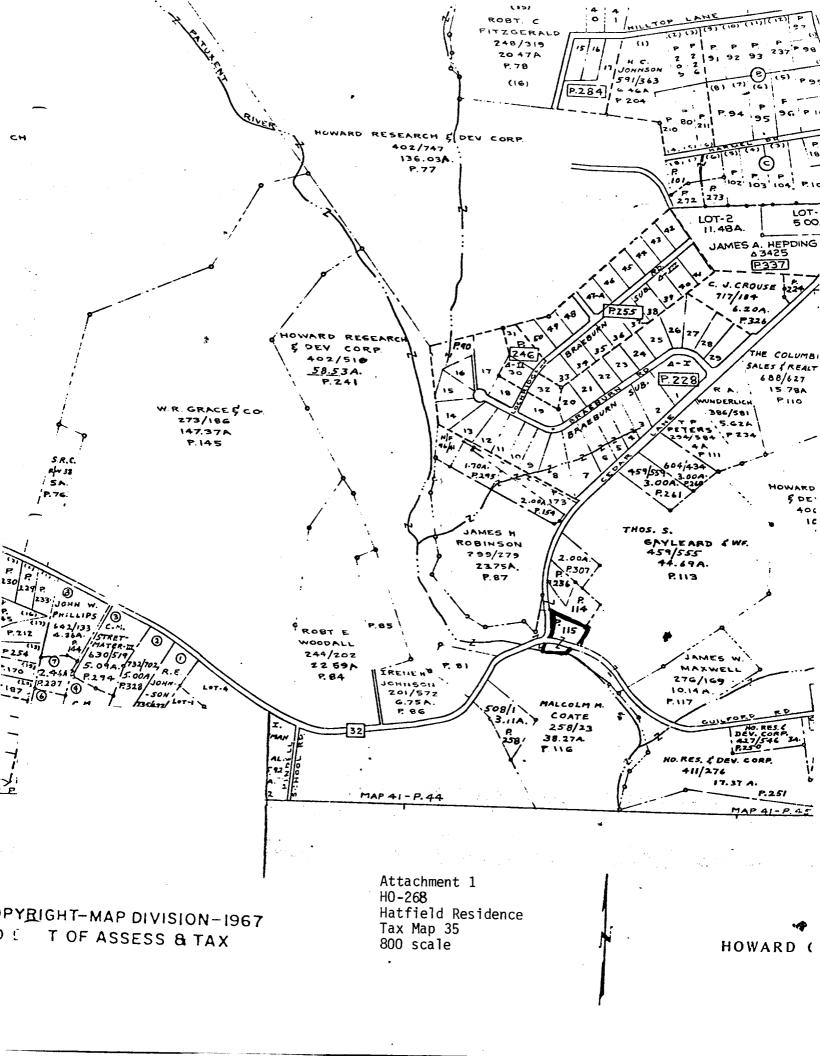
Detail, A Map of the State of Maryland (Griffith 1795, adapted by John McGrain)

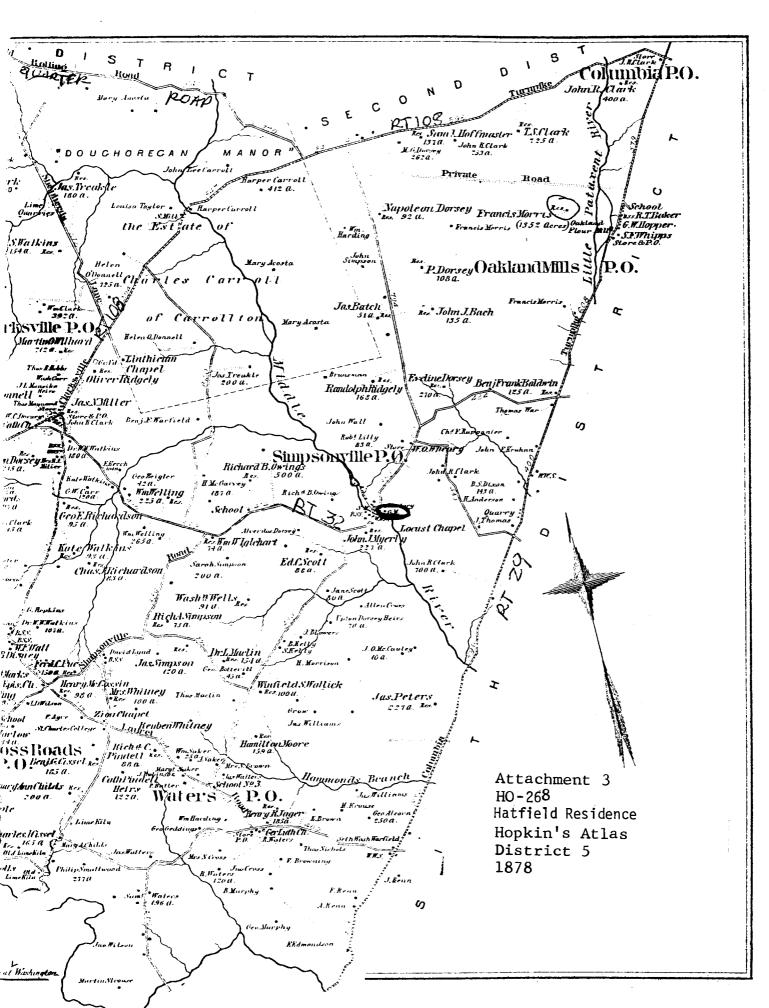


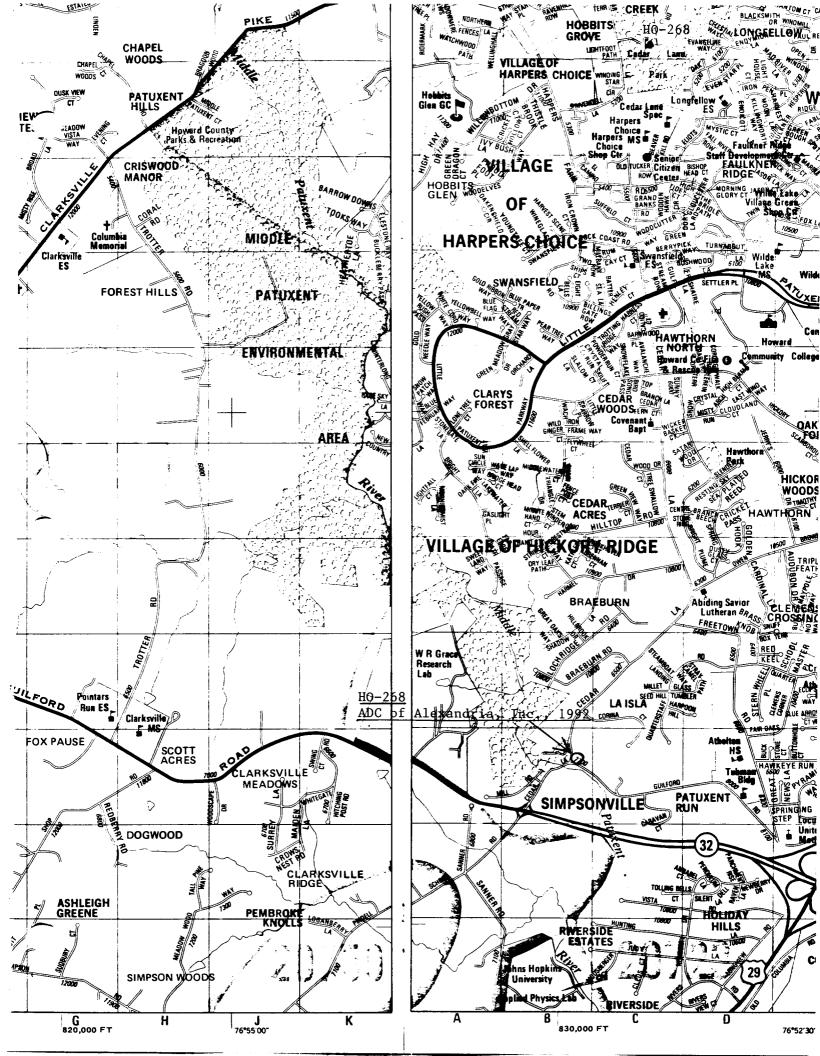


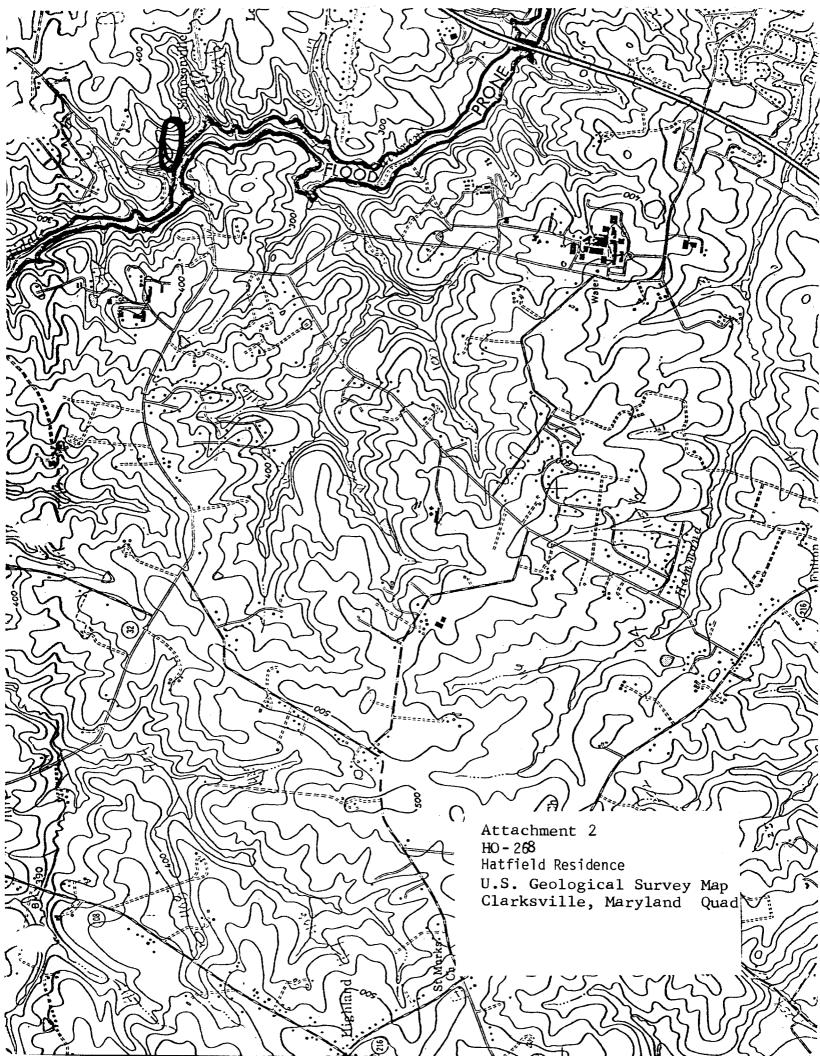


Property Location
USGS 7.5 Minute Series
Clarksville and Savage, MD Quadrangles
Photorevised 1979 and 1974











Hat field Louse 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Md.

S.W. Corner looking N.E.



Ho-268 Hatfield Louse 669/ Cedar Lane Columbia, Md. N.W. Corner



110-268 Hatfield Louse Columbia, Mil. N-W. Corner



HO -268 Hatfield Louse 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia Md. J.W. Con ex



HO-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Md.

5. W. corner 1987



HO-268 Columbia, Md. *West Elevation Recently Built Garage



Ho-268 d Louse 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Md. S.W. Corner



40-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Mid South Elevation



Ho-248 Hat field House 6691 Cean hane Columbia 4

N.E. Corner



-Lb-268 Hattield House Columbia, Md. Spring house

North Ekration



Ho- 268 Hatfield Llouse 6691 Cedar Lane Co/umbia Spring Mark North Elevation



70-268 Hatfield House 6691 Collar Lane Columbia, Md.

Springhouse, N. W. Corner, 1987



1-10-268 Hatfield House 669 Ceclas Lam Colum Springhouse East Elevation



40-268 Hatfield Louse 6691 Cedar hane. Columbia, Md. Interior, Basement Level N.E. Corner



40-268 Nattield House 6691 Ceder Lane Columbia, ML. Interior, Basement Level S.E. Corner



Ab-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar dane. Columbia, Md. Interior, Basement Level Stair



Hatfield Louse 669/ Cedar Lane Columbia, Md.

Columbia, Md. Main Level, West Rom N.W. Corner



40-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Md. Main Level, East Room N.E. Corner



HO-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Md. Main Level Entrance & Hall, Looking West



40-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar Lane Columbia, Hd. Main Level, Looking North into Ell

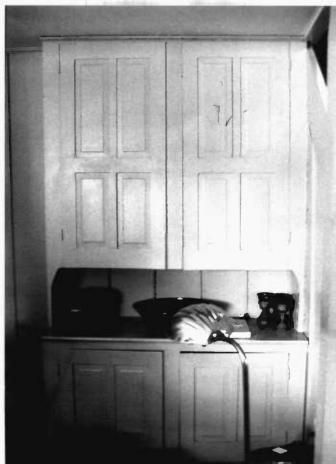


40-248 Hatfield House 6691 Cedar hane Columbia, Md. Main Level

Stair to Second Story



10-268 Hatfield House 6691 Cedarhane Columbia, Md. Second Level Chimney in East Room



Ho- 268 Hattield Llouse 4691 Cedar Lane Columbia, ML. Interior, Basement Level

Cabinet West of Stair



Natfield Nouse
6691 CedarLen
Colombia, ML.

Entrance Basement Level

South Elevation



HO-269
HATFIELD RESIDENCE
(SOUTH)
JUNE-1917
CB THOMPSON